

## 11. Assay Procedure Continued...

- Carefully flick off the slide contents and gently remove slides from the slide frame holder and **carefully** place into the wash station containing 400ml distilled/de-ionised water for 2 minutes. DO NOT AGITATE.
- Carefully remove slides and centrifuge in the slide centrifuge for 30 seconds. Remove from centrifuge and leave for at least 30 minutes before scanning (>30 minutes if > 60% RH)
- Scan using the high resolution flat-bed scanner.
- Process the data using the Genarrayt® reporting software following the user manual provided.

## 12. Quality Control

The microarrays include positive and negative controls which are intended to monitor for substantial reagent failure.

## 13. Interpretation of Results

Results are derived from internal IgG standards included in the array.

| Response   | Range (U/ml) <sup>1</sup> |
|------------|---------------------------|
| Negative   | <24                       |
| Borderline | 24 - 30                   |
| Positive   | >30                       |

<sup>1</sup> Units are arbitrary Genesis units.

These are suggested ranges based on in-house studies at Genesis Diagnostics Ltd. Users of the kit should verify these ranges in their own laboratory under local conditions and adjust as required.

## 14. Limitations of the Procedure

- Results must always be correlated to the clinical condition of the patient since a raised food IgG level need not manifest as specific symptoms.
- It should be noted that results from this kit give no information about IgE mediated allergy.

## 15. Reproducibility

### Within Assay Precision

CV%: <20%

### Between Assay Precision

CV%: <22%

## 16. 221 Food IgG – Food Antigen Layout

See the food reporting software provided with the kit.

## 17. Method Summary

- Pipette diluted sample onto the microarray
- Cover and incubate for **30 minutes** at room temperature
- Wash the microarrays twice with 120µl wash buffer
- Flick off buffer and add 120µl wash buffer and incubate for **5 minutes**. Repeat once. Flick off
- Dispense 100µl of conjugate onto each microarray
- Incubate at room temperature for **30 minutes**
- Wash the microarrays twice with 120µl wash buffer
- Flick off buffer and add 120µl wash buffer and incubate for **5 minutes**. Repeat once. Flick off
- Incubate with 100µl TMB substrate for **10 minutes**
- Load slides into a wash station containing water and incubate for **2 minutes**
- Centrifuge the slides in a centrifuge for **30 seconds**
- Remove from centrifuge and leave for **30 minutes** before scanning
- Scan the microarray using a high resolution flat-bed scanner and apply associated spot-finding software
- Process the data using the Genarrayt® reporting software following the user manual provided

## 18. Further Reading

Atkinson et al. IgG antibodies in IBS, Gut 2004;53:1459-1464  
James M. Toward an understanding of allergy and in vitro testing. Nat. Med. Journal, 1999; 2 (4): 7-15.  
Gaby AR. The role of hidden food allergy/intolerance in chronic disease. Alt. Med. Review, 1998; 3(2): 90-100.  
Hofman T. IgE and IgG antibodies in children with food allergy. Roczn. Akad. Med. Białymost, 1995; 40 (3): 468-473  
Sampson HA, Metcalfe DD. Food allergies. JAMA, 1992; 268 (20): 2840-2844.  
El Rafei A. et al. Diagnostic value of IgG4 measurement in patients with food allergy. Ann. Allergy, 1989; 62: 94-99.

Eden Research Park, Henry Crabb Road, Littleport, Cambridgeshire,  
CB6 1SE, UK Tel+ 44(0)1353 862220 Fax+44(0)1353 863330  
Email: support@elisa.co.uk Web: www.omegadiagnostics.com  
Certified to ISO9001:2008, ISO13485:2003

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## Genarrayt® Microarray 200+ Food IgG 16pt

Quantitative assay for investigation of IgG-mediated  
food sensitivity

Product Code: GD201-4

For *in vitro* Diagnostic Use



### 1. Materials Included in the Kit

- 4 x 4 Pad Food microarrays:** on modified glass slides in a slide carrier, sealed in a foil bag with desiccant. Each microarray is comprised of 221 food extracts.
- Sample Diluent:** 10mM Tris-buffered saline, pH 7.2 with 0.09% sodium azide and proteins; 10ml, ready to use; blue cap
- Wash Buffer:** 10mM Tris-buffered saline, pH 7.2, with detergent 100ml; ready to use
- Conjugate:** Goat anti-human IgG conjugated to a horseradish peroxidase; 10ml, ready to use; red cap
- TMB Substrate:** aqueous solution of TMB and mild oxidising agent, 10ml, ready to use
- 1 x 96 well microtitre plate
- Instructions for Use
- Genarrayt® Reporting Software

## 2. Other Equipment Required

• 8 channel pipette and tips to deliver 100µl and 120µl • Single channel pipettes and tips to deliver 5µl to 250µl • distilled or deionised water • powder-free examination gloves • 4 reagent reservoirs • slide frame holder • slide centrifuge • wash station • high resolution flat-bed scanner with associated computer and spot finding software • high speed (14,000 x g) centrifuge • Ethanol or iso-propyl alcohol

## 3. Intended Use

The Genarray® Microarray 200+ Food IgG kit is a rapid colorimetric microarray-based ELISA for the measurement of IgG antibodies to 221 foods in human whole blood, serum or plasma.

## 4. Explanation of the Test

Many people exhibit chronic food sensitivity reactions to specific food antigens. Unlike the immediate effects of IgE-mediated allergy, IgG-mediated food sensitivity reactions may take several days to appear. Controlled removal of the problem foods from the patient's diet will, in many cases, rapidly improve the patient's condition. General lethargy, weight gain, dermatitis, arthritis and tiredness are associated with food allergies. Irritable bowel syndrome may also be linked to food sensitivity.

## 5. Principle of the Test

221 food extracts have been microarrayed onto nitrocellulose pads on a glass microscope slide. Food extracts are incubated with either diluted patient whole blood, serum or plasma in sample diluent. After washing away unbound proteins, anti-human IgG conjugated to horseradish peroxidase is added to the pads and this binds to food extract-bound antibodies in the primary incubation. Unbound conjugate is removed by washing and a solution containing 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) and enzyme substrate is added to trace specific antibody binding. After washing with distilled water, the slides are dried by centrifugation prior to scanning. The optical densities of the standards, positive and negative controls and samples are measured using a high resolution flat-bed scanner with associated software.

## 6. Safety Precautions

1. Only experienced laboratory personnel should use this test. The test protocol must be followed strictly.
2. Human IgG used in the preparation of the Standard and the Positive Control for this product has been tested and found negative for antibodies to HIV, HBsAg and HCV. No test method, however, can offer complete assurance that infectious agents are absent. Therefore, all reagents containing human material should be handled as if potentially infectious. Operators should wear powder-free examination gloves and protective clothing when handling any patient sera or serum based products and throughout the assay procedure.
3. The Sample Diluent contains 0.09% sodium azide. Avoid contact with the skin and eyes. Rinse immediately with plenty of water if any contact occurs. Flush sinks with copious amounts of water after discarding these reagents.
4. Diluted samples and any liquid that has been brought into contact with potentially infectious material has to be discarded in a container with a disinfectant. Disposal must be performed in accordance with local legislation.

5. The slide frame holder should be disinfected after use by immersing it in ethanol or iso-propyl alcohol for no longer than ten minutes.

## 7. Technical Precautions

1. The microarrays should not be used if the foil bag is damaged and solutions should not be used if liquids have leaked.
2. Allow all reagents and the microarrays to reach room temperature before use.
3. Do not touch the microarrays.
4. Strictly observe the indicated incubation times.
5. Ensure that no cross-contamination occurs between pads.
6. Never pour unused reagents back into the original bottles.
7. Do not allow the microarrays to dry between incubation steps.
8. Strictly follow the described wash procedure. Insufficient washing may cause high background signal.
9. Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to heat sources during all incubation steps.
10. The use of lint-free wipes is essential in reducing potential dust contamination of the arrays.
11. Replace colour-coded caps on their correct vials to avoid cross-contamination
12. Wear powder-free nitrile gloves when handling the microarrayed slides and when handling patient samples

## 8. Shelf Life and Storage Conditions

On arrival, store the kit at 2 – 8°C. Do not use kits beyond their expiry date. Do not freeze any kit component. Once opened use the kit within 3 months.

## 9. Specimen Collection and Storage

Serum, plasma or whole blood samples may be used. Serum and plasma should be stored at -20°C for long-term storage. Repeated freezing and thawing can affect results. Addition of preservatives to any sample type may adversely affect the results. Microbially contaminated, heat-treated or specimens containing particulate matter should not be used. Grossly haemolysed, icteric or lipaemic specimens should be avoided.

## 10. Preparation of Samples

Serum or plasma samples should be gently thawed, if necessary, mixed well - DO NOT VORTEX - and centrifuged at 14,000g for 10 minutes. If the sample is not used immediately, repeat the mix and centrifugation step prior to testing.

Dilute samples 1:49 in sample diluent by adding 5µl serum/plasma to 245µl Sample Diluent. For whole blood, dilute samples 1:24 by adding 10µl whole blood to 240µl Sample Diluent.

**Samples can be diluted directly into the 96-well microtitre plate or into microtubes and then transferred to the 96-well microtitre plate if required. When transferring samples to the microtitre plate, record the well position for each sample as this will dictate the position of the sample on the microarrayed slides. For example, well A1 corresponds to Slide 1, Pad 1.**

| Pad 1 | Pad 2 |
|-------|-------|
| Pad 3 | Pad 4 |
| •     | •     |
| •     | •     |
| •     | •     |
| •     | •     |
| •     | •     |
| •     | •     |
| X     | •     |

**4 Pads are active, these are at the top of the slide and do not have black dots on them.**

**Dotted Pads are not designed for use and therefore should not be assayed.**

## 11. Assay Procedure

1. Load slides into the slide frame holder with the membrane side facing up. The "X" or dot on the slide should be on the bottom left.
2. Using a single or 8- channel pipette, add 100µl of diluted patient sample (in Sample Diluent) to the pad. Agitate, cover and incubate for 30 minutes.
3. Vigorously flick out the slide contents, add 120µl of wash buffer and agitate by tapping the side of the frame. Repeat step 3 once more.
4. Vigorously flick out the slide contents, add 120µl of wash buffer and agitate by tapping the side of the frame. Cover and incubate for 5 minutes. Repeat step 4 once more. Flick off the wash buffer. Do not allow the slide to dry.
5. Using a single or 8-channel pipette, add 100µl of conjugate to each pad. Agitate, cover and incubate for 30 minutes.
6. Vigorously flick out the slide contents, add 120µl of wash buffer and agitate by tapping the side of the frame. Repeat step 6 once more.
7. Vigorously flick out the slide contents, add 120µl of wash buffer and agitate by tapping the side of the frame. Cover and incubate for 5 minutes. Repeat step 7 once more. Flick off the wash buffer. Do not allow the slide to dry.
8. Using a single or 8-channel pipette, add 100µl of TMB substrate to each pad. Agitate, cover and incubate for 10 minutes.