MININEPH™ HUMAN IgG1 KIT

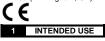
For in vitro diagnostic use

Product Code: ZK006.R

Product manufactured by The Binding Site Group Ltd, 8 Calthorpe Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, B15 1QT, UK www.bindingsite.co.uk Telephone: +44 (0)121 456 9500 Fax: +44 (0)121 456 9749 e-mail: info@bindingsite.co.uk

FDA (USA) Information (for MININEPH analyser only) Analyte ID 2807 Test System 61467 Complexity Cat Moderate

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This kit is designed for the in vitro measurement of human IgG1 in serum using the MININEPH or MININEPHPLUS* as an aid in diagnosis of abnormal IgG1 metabolism. When using the recommended dilution the approximate measuring range is 1440-23000mg/L. The sensitivity limit is 655mg/L when using a 1/5 sample dilution.

*The MININEPHPLUS analyser is not available in the USA.

2 SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

In normal adults, IgG constitutes approximately 75% of the total serum immunoglobulins. Within the IgG class, the order of concentration of the 4 subclasses is IgG1> IgG2> IgG3> IgG4, but the actual concentration of each may vary markedly between individuals. The four IgG subclasses show considerable differences in their properties, including ability to fix complement, to bind macrophages and to pass through the placenta. Abnormal levels of one or more subclass may be associated with certain conditions, including anaphylaxis, autoimmune and gut diseases as well as hypo- and hyper-gammaglobulinaemia. In particular, advand academia to the content of the content reduced production of IgG2 in children may be associated with recurrent infections. The subject has been reviewed (refs 1-3).

3 PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The determination of soluble antigen concentration by nephelometric methods involves a reaction with specific antiserum to form insoluble complexes. When light is passed through the suspension formed a portion of the light is scattered and detected by a photodiode. The amount of light scattered is directly proportional to the specific protein concentration in the test sample. Concentrations are automatically calculated by reference to a calibration curve stored within the instrument.

4 REAGENTS

4.1 MININEPH human IgG1 antiserum

This has been adsorbed to monospecificity for IgG1 and is supplied in stabilised liquid form. It contains 0.099% sodium azide, 0.1% EACA and 0.01% benzamidine

4.2 MININEPH human IgG1 swipe card

This is encoded with details of the reaction curve specific to the respective lot of antiserum. This card is antiserum lot specific and must be used only with this lot of antiserum. The curve on this card has been prepared using secondary calibration materials that have been evaluated against DA470k (ref. 4 and 5).

MININEPH IgG1 buffer 4.3

For use with this lot of IgG1 reagent only. Contains 0.099% sodium azide as a preservative. 4.4

MININEPH human IgG1 high and low controls These consist of pooled human serum and are supplied in stabilised liquid form. They contain 0.099% sodium azide, 0.1% EACA and 0.01% benzamidine as preservatives. The acceptable ranges of IgG1 concentrations are stated on the Quality Control Certificate included in the kit. The lot number quoted on the Quality Control Certificate should be identical to the kit lot number.

5 CAUTION

All donors of human serum supplied in this kit have been serum tested and found negative for hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) and antibodies to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV1 and HIV2) and hepatitis C virus. The assays used were either approved by the FDA (USA) or cleared for *in vitro* diagnostic use in the EU (Directive 98/79/EC, Annex II); however, these tests cannot guarantee the absence of infective agents. Proper handling and disposal methods should be established as for all potentially infective material, including (but not limited to) users wearing suitable protective equipment and clothing at all times. Only personnel fully trained in such methods should be permitted to perform these procedures.

WARNING: This product contains sodium azide and must be handled with caution; suitable gloves and other protective clothing should be worn at all times when handling this product. Do not ingest or allow contact with the skin (particularly broken skin or open wounds) or mucous membranes. If contact does occur wash with a large volume of water and seek urgent medical advice. Explosive metal azides may be formed on prolonged contact of sodium azide with lead and copper plumbing; on disposal of reagent, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide build up.

This product should only be used by suitably trained personnel for the purposes stated in the Intended Use. Strict adherence to these instructions is essential at all times. Results are likely to be invalid if parameters other than those stated in these instructions are used.

Reagents from different batch numbers of kits are NOT interchangeable. If large numbers of tests are performed care should be taken to ensure that all reagents are from the same batch.

The unopened kits should be stored at 2-8°C and can be used until the expiry date given on the kit box label. DO NOT FREEZE. The buffer should be allowed to equilibrate to room temperature prior to use. Once opened the antiserum and controls should be stored at 2-8°C and the buffer at room temperature. Opened antisera, buffer and controls are stable for 8 weeks when stored as recommended. The On-Board Buffer 1 should be stored at room temperature. Opened On-Board Buffer 1 is stable for 4 weeks when stored as recommended.

7 SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Use serum samples. Blood samples should be collected by venepuncture, allowed to clot naturally and the serum separated as soon as possible to prevent haemolysis. Sera may be stored at 2-8°C for up to two days, otherwise aliquot and freeze at -20°C or below; do not freeze and thaw sera more than once. Sample dilutions should be freshly prepared on the day of assay. Some types of sera are not suitable for MININEPH assay – see section 10.1.

8 METHODOLOGY

8.1 Materials provided

- 1 x 0.4mL MININEPH Human IgG1 Antiserum 8.1.1
- 1 x 5mL MININEPH IgG1 Buffer 1 x 0.5mL MININEPH Human IgG1 High Control 8.1.2 8.1.3
- 8.1.4 8.1.5 1 x 0.5mL MININEPH Human IgG1 Low Control Magnetic swipe card containing lot specific calibration information
- Quality Control Certificate Instruction leaflet 8.1.6 8.1.7

8.2 Materials required but not provided (MININEPH)

- 8.2.1 MININEPH instrument (AD200)
- 8.2.2
- MININEPH printer (AD210) (optional) MININEPH reagent accessory pack (ZK500.R) 8.2.3
- Electronic pipette (e.g.AD205) Pipette (5-40µL) 824 8.2.5
- 8.2.6 Equipment for the collection and preparation of test samples

8.3 Materials required but not provided (MININEPHPLUS)

- MININEPHPLUS instrument (AD500 .C/D/E) MININEPHPLUS PRINTER (AP1310DPK1T63) (optional) 8.3.1
- 8.3.2
- 8.3.3 Bar Code Reader (optional) MININEPH reagent accessory pack (ZK500.R) 8.3.4
- 8.3.5
- Pipette (5-1000µL) Equipment for the collection and preparation of test samples 8.3.6
- 837 MININEPHPLUS On-Board Buffer 1 (SN107)
- Pipette tips for use with the MININEPHPLUS refer to MININEPHPLUS User Guide. 8.3.8

8.4 Test procedure - MININEPH analyse

8.4.1 Summary of reagent volumes added to the cuvette:

Reagent	Volume added
Sample (1/11 dilution)	10µL
MININEPH IgG1 Buffer	400µL
MININEPH Hu IgG1 Antiserum	40µL

- 8.4.2 8.4.3
- Switch the analyser and printer (if attached) on. Enter chemistry number. Enter the chemistry number (lgG1 = 6) and press enter.
- Swipe chemistry card. This message will only be displayed if this chemistry has never been used before or you wish to change the antiserum lot number. Pass the 844 swipecard through the swipecard reader moving from the front of the instrument to the back. The magnetic strip should be at the bottom facing left. *Check reagent lot number.* Press **enter**. 8.4.5
- 8.4.6 IgG1 lot xxxx. OK? 1=Y 2=N. Compare the details displayed with those on the antiserum label. If the lot number displayed is identical to that printed on the antiserum vial, select YES (**press 1**) and continue to step 8.4.7. If the vial lot number is different from that displayed select NO (**press 2**) and return to step 8.4.4
- Number is dimensional from that obspaced select NO (**press** 2) and fertilin to step 6.4.4 to allow the details of the correct batch to be entered. Prepare dilutions of controls and samples using the MININEPH Sample Diluent supplied in the MININEPH Reagent Accessory Pack (ZK500.R). The recommended sample dilution for IgG1 is 1/11 (e.g. using the electronic pipette dispense 400µL of sample dilution tube). Prepare one MININEPH cuvette for each sample to be assayed. Using the forceps provided with the MININEPH cuvette for each sample dilution tube). 8.4.7
- 8.4.8 provided with the MININEPH place a stirring bar in each cuvette and then using a pipette add 10μ of diluted sample carefully to the bottom of each cuvette.
- Enter sample ID. Enter an identity code (e.g. 1) for the first sample to be assayed then press **enter** to continue (refer to user manual for choice of identity codes). Sample dilution 1/11. Accept the recommended dilution by pressing **enter** or type in 8.4.9
- 8.4.10
- a new dilution factor if an alternative dilution is to be used. Place cuvette in chamber. Place a cuvette containing a stirring bar and 10µL of diluted sample in the cuvette chamber. Press the cuvette down gently until it reaches the bottom of the chamber. The cuvette will be detected automatically. 8.4.11
- Add reagent. Fill an electronic pipette with 400µL of MININEPH IgG1 Buffer and 40µL of MININEPH Hu IgG1 Antiserum and dispense its contents into the cuvette. 8.4.12 The MININEPH will detect the addition followed by movement of the stirring bar and the assay will begin. It is not necessary to press enter. After a 10 second blanking time the assay will take 120 seconds to complete, the result will then be displayed and printed automatically (if a printer is connected)
- On completion of the assay remove the cuvette and press enter to perform the next 8.4.13
- If the instrument indicates the result is higher than the intended measuring range, reassay the sample at a higher dilution of 1/55 (160μ L MININEPH Sample Diluent + 40μ L sample diluted 1/11). The sample dilution should be entered as 1/55 (see 8.4.14
- If the instrument indicates the result is lower than the intended measuring range, 8.4.15 reassay the sample at a lower dilution of 1/5 (160µL MININEPH Sample Diluent + 40µL sample). The sample dilution should be entered as 1/5 (see section 8.4.10).
- When all assays for the chosen chemistry have been completed press escape (esc) and select the chemistry number for the next set of assays. 8416

8.5 Test procedure for MININEPHPLUS analyzer

8.5.1 Summary of reagent volumes added to the cuvette:

Reagent	Volume added
Sample (1/11 dilution)	10µL
MININEPH IgG1 Buffer	400µL
MININEPH Hu IgG1 Antiserum	40µL

Ensure that an empty waste pot is placed at the back of the MININEPHPLUS. 8.5.2 Attach a new pipette tip on the end of the MININEPHPLUS hand held pipette. 8.5.3

6 STORAGE AND STABILITY

- Check there is sufficient On-Board buffer 1 (SN107) in the drawer. There needs to 8.5.4 be at least 10mL. Refer to the MININEPHPLUS User Guide for instructions on replenishing the buffer.
- 855 Switch on the analyser and printer (if attached). Enter chemistry number. Enter the chemistry number (IgG1 = 6) and press enter.
- 8.5.6 857 Swipe chemistry card. This message will only be displayed if this chemistry has never been used before or when changing antiserum lot number. Pass the swipecard through the swipe card reader moving in a left to right direction across the front of the analyser. The magnetic stripe should be facing upwards.
- Check reagent lot number. Press enter. IgG1 lot xxxx. OK? 1=Y 2=N. Compare the details displayed with those on the 858 8.5.9 antiserum label. If the lot number displayed is identical to that printed on the antiserum vial, select YES (**press 1**) and continue to step 8.5.12. If the vial lot number is different from that displayed select NO (**press 2**) and return to step 8.5.8
- to allow the details of the correct batch to be entered. Prime? 1=Y 2=N. Prime the analyser to expel air bubbles in the plastic tube leading 8.5.10 from the On-board buffer bottle to the hand-held pipette. This is done by pressing button 1 when prompted. Excess On-board buffer will be expelled into the waste pot. When priming has finished press 2. Note that a prime will always be performed when starting a T1 assay that follows a T2 assay
- Pipette Y/N: Block Y/N. There is a short period when the MININEPHPLUS stabilises 8511 its temperature.
- Prepare dilutions of controls and samples using the MININEPH Sample Diluent supplied in the MININEPH Reagent Accessory Pack (ZK500.R). The recommended 8.5.12 sample dilution for IgG1 is 1/11 (e.g. dispense 400 μ L of sample dilution table).
- Prepare one MININEPH cuvette for each sample to be assayed. Using the forceps 8.5.13 provided with the MININEPHPLUS place a stirring bar in each cuvette and then using a pipette add 10µL of diluted sample carefully to the bottom of each cuvette.
- Enter sample ID. Enter an identity code (e.g. 1) for the first sample to be assayed then press **enter** to continue (refer to user manual for choice of identity codes). 8514 8.5.15 Sample dilution 1/11. Accept the recommended dilution by pressing enter or type in
- a new dilution factor if an alternative dilution is to be used. Place cuvette in chamber. Place a cuvette containing a stirring bar and $10\mu L$ of diluted sample in the cuvette chamber. Press the cuvette down gently until it 8516
- reaches the bottom of the chamber. The cuvette will be detected automatically Supplementary buffer. Using the MININEPHPLUS hand-held pipette, aspirate 400µL of MININEPH IgG1 buffer. 8.5.17
- Air Gap. Using the MININEPHPLUS hand-held pipette, aspirate an air gap. Aspirate Reagent Using the MININEPHPLUS hand-held pipette, aspirate 40µL of 8 5 18
- 8519 MININEPH Human IgG1 antiserum. Add Reagent. Dispense the aspirated reagents into the cuvette. The stirring bar will
- 8.5.20 rotate and the assay will begin. After a 10 second blanking time the assay will take 118 seconds to complete. The result will be displayed. Results will be automatically printed if a printer is connected
- If the instrument indicates the result is higher than the intended measuring range, reassay the sample at a higher dilution of 1/55 (160 μ L MININEPH Sample Diluent + 40 μ L sample diluted 1/11). The sample dilution should be entered as 1/55 (see 8.5.21 section 8.5.15).
- If the instrument indicates the result is lower than the intended measuring range, reassay the sample at a lower dilution of 1/5 (160µL MININEPH Sample Diluent + 8.5.22 40µL sample). The sample dilution should be entered as 1/5 (see section 8.5.15). On completion of the assay remove the cuvette and press **enter** to perform the next 8.5.23
- assay 8.5.24 When all assays for the chosen chemistry number have been completed press esc
- and select the chemistry number for the next set of assays. Empty waste pot and discard the pipette tip from the hand held pipette.
- 8.5.25

8.6 Quality control

As with all good laboratory practice, users should run controls with every batch of samples.

9 INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

- Results are calculated by the instrument and displayed in mg/L. If a printer is 9.1 attached the result is automatically printed out together with the patient identification code and the sample dilution. Further calculations are not necessary. The assay range is limited to that stated under Intended Use. Sample
- 9.2 concentrations up to at least 44500mg/L will not result in antigen excess. Higher concentrations may give misleading results; if this is suspected, samples should be reassayed at a 1/55 dilution (160µL MININEPH Sample Diluent + 40µL sample diluted 1/11).

10 LIMITATIONS OF PROCEDURE

Specific test limitations 10.1

- Nephelometric assays are not suitable for measurement of highly lipaemic or haemolysed samples or samples containing high levels of circulating immune complexes (CICs) due to the unpredictable degree of non-specific scatter these 10.1.1 sample types may generate. Unexpected results should be confirmed using an alternative assay method. Diagnosis cannot be made and treatment must not be initiated on the basis of IgG1
- 10.1.2 measurements alone. Clinical history and other laboratory findings must also be taken into account

10.2 Trouble shooting

Problem	Possible causes(s)	Suggested action(s)	
Error message "Blank too high – reassay" displayed.	Very high analyte concentration.	Reassay sample at a higher dilution.	
	Lipaemic, turbid or haemolysed samples.	Try alternative assay method.	
Controls out of range.	Product deterioration.	Check expiry date.	
	Operator error.	Repeat assay with the correct sample dilution.	
Test sample giving unexpectedly low result.	Antigen excess.	Repeat assay at higher dilution. Check if the two results agree.	

11 EXPECTED RESULTS

The following IgG1 results were obtained with normal adult donor sera on the MININEPH. Concentrations are in mg/L. We recommend local reference ranges are generated.

Number	Mean	Median	95 Percentile range
50	6230	6000	3730-9610

Serum immunoglobulin concentrations are age-dependent - the results below were obtained by a radial immunodiffusion method (mg/L).

	lgG1	lgG2	lgG3	lgG4	Total IgG
Age	Mean (N) 95%ile range				
0-2	5248 (39)	838 (39)	445 (39)	129 (39)	6640 (39)
years	1940 - 8420	225 - 3000	186 - 853	5 - 784	3270 - 12700
2-4	5495 (36)	1146 (36)	396 (36)	171 (36)	7770 (36)
years	3150 - 9450	360 - 2250	173 - 676	10 - 537	4680 - 12500
4-6	6149 (49)	1496 (49)	531 (49)	329 (49)	9280 (49)
years	3060 - 9450	605 - 3450	99 - 1221	18 - 1125	5320 - 13400
6-8	5758 (43)	1754 (43)	437 (43)	331 (43)	8860 (43)
years	2880 - 9180	440 - 3750	155 - 853	4 - 992	4540 - 13600
8-10	6345 (32)	2126 (32)	521 (32)	349 (32)	9700 (32)
years	4320 - 10200	720 - 4300	127 - 853	19 - 932	5680 - 13600
10-12	6421 (46)	1980 (46)	620 (46)	323 (46)	10200 (46)
years	4230 - 10600	760 - 3550	173 -1730	16 - 1150	5680 - 14900
12-14	6581 (54)	2486 (54)	583 (54)	409 (54)	10500 (54)
years	3420 - 11500	1000 - 4550	283 - 1250	37 - 1360	6640 - 14900
14-18	6057 (48)	2614 (48)	708 (48)	521 (48)	10100 (48)
vears	3150 - 8550	640 - 4950	230 - 1960	110 - 1570	5500 - 14400

12 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Precision 12.1

12.1.1 Precision - MININEPH

IgG1 Precision Summary				
	Mean (mg/L)	Intra batch CV% (n=30*)	Day to day CV% (n=30**)	Inter instrument CV% (n=15***)
Serum 1	8475	3.8	3.8	4.5
Serum 2	2973	3.8	3.6	8.8

Precision – MININEPHPLUS 12.1.2

IgG1 Precision Summary				
	Mean (mg/L)	Intra batch CV% (n=30*)	Day to day CV% (n=30**)	Inter instrument CV% (n=15***)
Serum 1	9689	4.37	4.91	6.98
Serum 2	3436	4.31	4.65	8.55

*These data represent the average coefficient of variation (CV) of three within-batch measurements repeated ten times at each concentration.

*Ten within-batch measurements were performed on three separate occasions and the overall CV for the thirty results at each concentration calculated.

***Assays were performed five times at each concentration on three instruments. The overall CV of the fifteen results at each concentration was calculated

12.2 Comparison studies

MININEPH 12.2.1

A correlation study was performed on 65 normal and clinical serum samples using this kit on a MININEPH and Binding Site BN™A kit. The study demonstrated a good agreement yielding the following linear regression equation and correlation coefficient.

y = 0.975x + 465mg/L (y = MININEPH IgG1)

(x = BN™A IgG1)

correlation coefficient r = 0.984

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A correlation study was performed on 50 clinical serum samples using this kit on a MININEPH and Binding Site RID plates. The study demonstrated a good agreement yielding the following linear regression equation and correlation coefficient.

y = 0.928x + 682mg/L (y = MININEPH IgG1)

$(x = RID \ laG1)$

correlation coefficient r = 0.981

12.2.2 MININEPHPLUS

30 normal adult sera and 20 clinical adult sera were tested on the MININEPH and MININEPHPLUS. The study demonstrated a good agreement yielding the following Passing & Bablok equation and linear regression correlation coefficient:

y = 1.02x - 1.85mg/L (y = MININEPHPLUS IgG1)

(x = MININEPH IgG1)

correlation coefficient r = 0.985

13 REFERENCES

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- Carr-Smith, HD; Overton, J; Bradwell, AR (1997). IgG Subclass value assignment to the protein reference preparation CRM470. Clin. Chem. Vol 43, No. 56, pS238. Williams, D.R., Wilson, C.T., Carr-Smith, H.D. (2009). Assignment of IgG Subclass Values to the Protein Reference Preparation DA470k. Clin. Chem. Vol.55, No. S6, D C C C 5. PS C-90.